

Paper 2 and Paper 3 Predictions

Edexcel - Higher  
High Chance



Corbettmaths

Ensure you have: Pencil, pen, ruler, protractor, pair of compasses and eraser

You will need a calculator

#### Guidance

1. Read each question carefully before you begin answering it.
2. Don't spend too long on one question.
3. Attempt every question.
4. Check your answers seem right.
5. Always show your workings

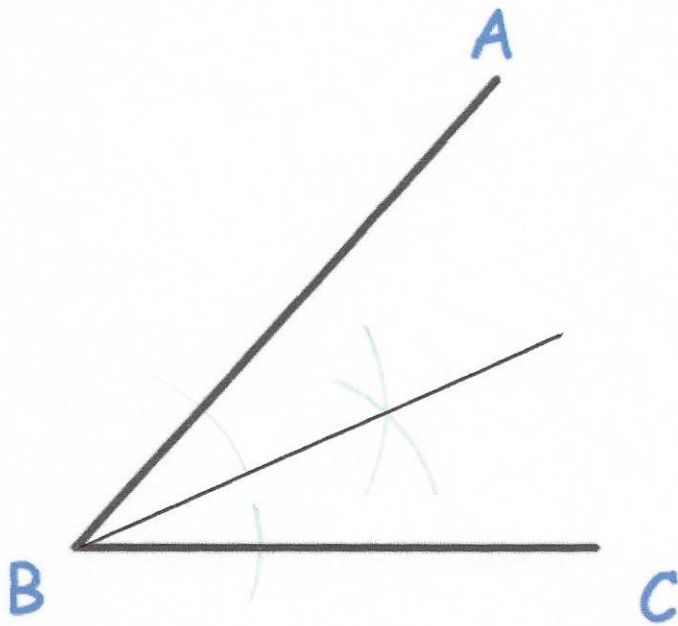
Revision for this test

[www.corbettmaths.com/contents](http://www.corbettmaths.com/contents)



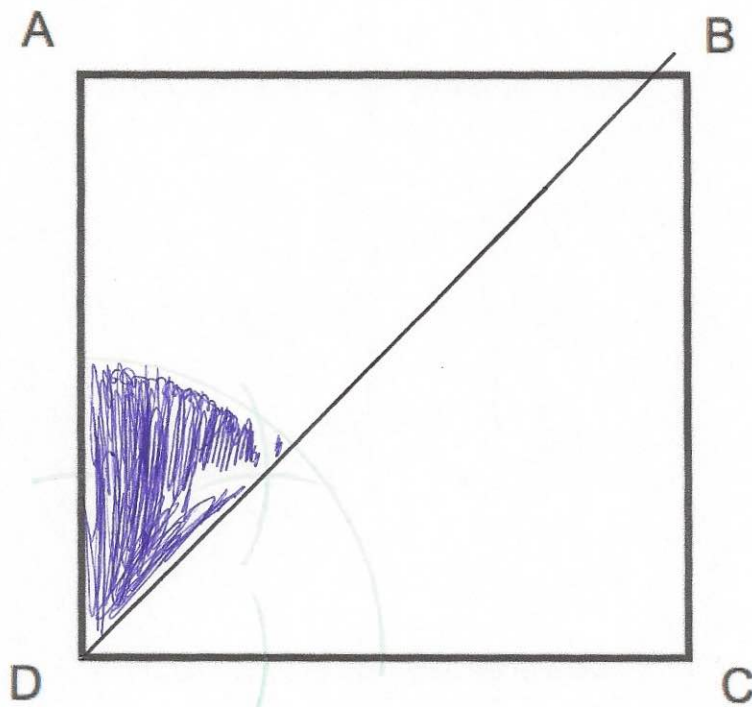
Question	Topic	Video number
1	Constructions	72, 78, 79, 80, 70
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1. Using ruler and compasses, construct the bisector of angle ABC.



(2)

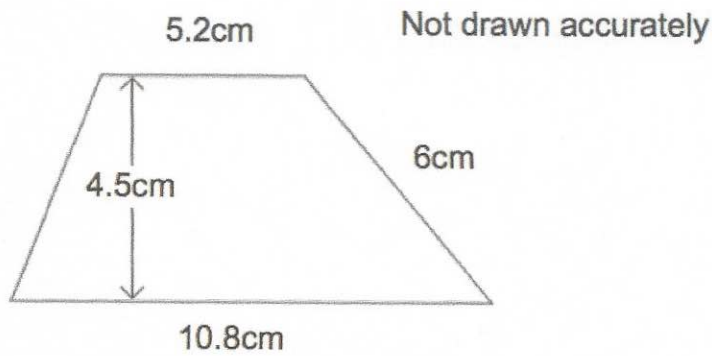
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2. A and B are two points.



Shade the region inside the rectangle, which is closer to AD than DC, and less than 4cm from D.

(3)

3.



Calculate the area of the trapezium.

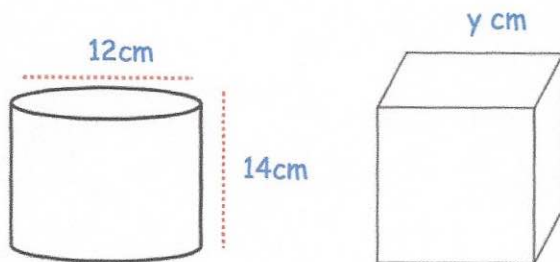
$$\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(5.2 + 10.8) \times 4.5$$

$$\dots\dots\dots 36 \text{ cm}^2$$

(2)

4.



A cylinder has diameter 12cm and height 14cm.

A cube has side length  $y$  cm.

The cylinder and cube has the same volume.

Find  $y$ .

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

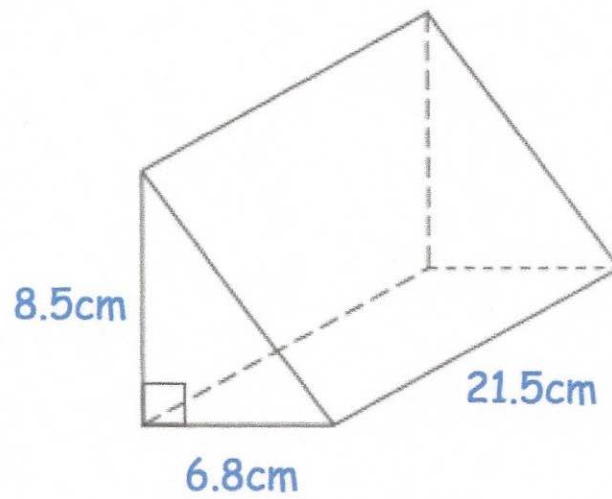
$$= \pi \times 6^2 \times 14 = 1583.36\dots \text{ cm}^3$$

$$y = \sqrt[3]{1583.36\dots} = 11.655\dots$$

$$\dots\dots\dots 11.655\dots \text{ cm}$$

(4)

5. Shown below is a triangular prism.



Find the volume of the triangular prism.

$$\frac{1}{2}(6.8 \times 8.5) = 28.9$$

$$28.9 \times 21.5 =$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 621.35 \\ \hline \end{array} \text{cm}^3$$

(3)

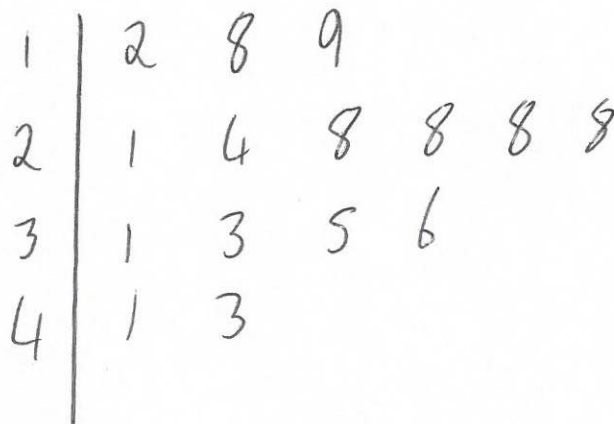
6. Here are the lengths in millimetres of 15 earthworms.

43 19 35 28 21

28 28 18 24 33

31 36 12 41 28

(a) Complete an ordered stem and leaf diagram to show this information.



$1|2$  means 12

(3)

(b) How many earthworms are over 40 millimetres?

2  
(1)

(c) Write down the mode.

28  
(1)

(d) What fraction of the earthworms are under 20 millimetres?

$\frac{3}{15}$  or  $\frac{1}{5}$   
(1)

7. On a particular day, 98 adults visit a leisure centre.

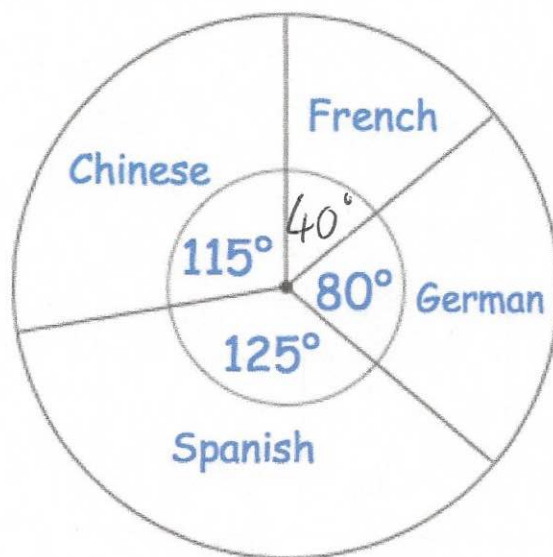
Some are going to the gym.  
Some are going to play tennis.  
Some are going to play badminton.  
The rest are going swimming.

51 people are male.  
21 out of the 40 going to the gym are male.  
19 males and 7 females are going swimming.  
7 out of the 20 people playing badminton are male.  
Twice as many females play tennis than males.

How many women play tennis?

	m	f	Total	
Gym	21	19	40	
Tennis	4	8	12	
Badminton	7	13	20	
Swimming	19	7	26	8
total	51	47	98	(2)

8. The pie chart shows information about the languages studied in a school. There are 648 students in the school. Each student studies one language.



How many more students study Chinese than French?

$$\text{Chinese } \frac{115}{360} \text{ of } 648 = 207$$

$$\text{French } \frac{40}{360} \text{ of } 648 = 72$$

$$207 - 72$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 135 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

(4)

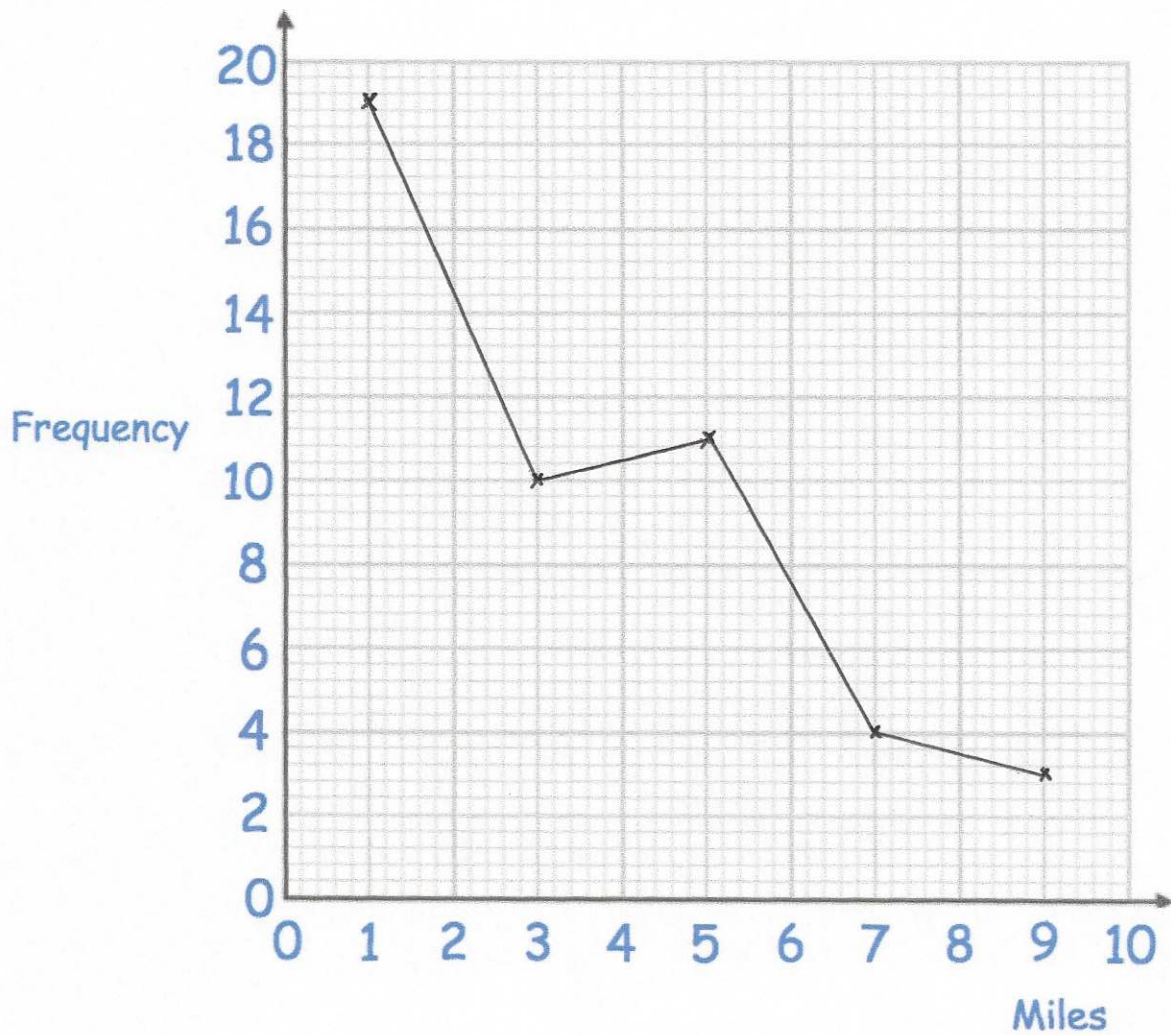


9. The table shows the distance travelled to school by 50 students.

Distance (miles)	Frequency
$0 < d \leq 2$	19
$2 < d \leq 4$	10
$4 < d \leq 6$	11
$6 < d \leq 8$	4
$8 < d \leq 10$	3

(a) Draw a frequency polygon to represent this data.

(2)



One student is chosen at random.

(b) Work out the probability that this student travels more than 6 miles to school.

$$\frac{7}{50}$$

(1)

10. The Highest Common Factor (HCF) of two numbers is 6.  
The Lowest Common Multiple (LCM) of the same numbers is 60.

What are the two numbers?

~~also answer possible~~

12 and 30 etc  
6 and 60

..... and .....  
(2)

11. Simplify

$$(2m^4)^3$$

$$8m^{12}$$

.....  
(2)

12. Jim picks a five digit odd number.  
The second digit is less than 5.  
The fourth digit is a cube number The first digit is a prime number.  
How many different numbers could he pick?

$$\begin{array}{cccccc}
 1^{st} & 2^{nd} & 3^{rd} & 4^{th} & 5^{th} & \\
 4 & \times & 5 & \times & 10 & \times & 2 & \times & 5
 \end{array}$$

$$2000$$

.....  
(3)

13. Given that  $a = 4$ ,  $b = 9$  and  $c = -5$

Work out the value of

$$\frac{ab + 24}{2c}$$

$$\frac{36 + 24}{-10} = \frac{60}{-10}$$

-6

.....  
(3)

14. Make  $w$  the subject of the formula

$$g = \frac{w}{w - 5}$$

$$g(w - 5) = w$$

$$gw - 5g = w$$

$$gw - w = 5g$$

$$w(g - 1) = 5g$$

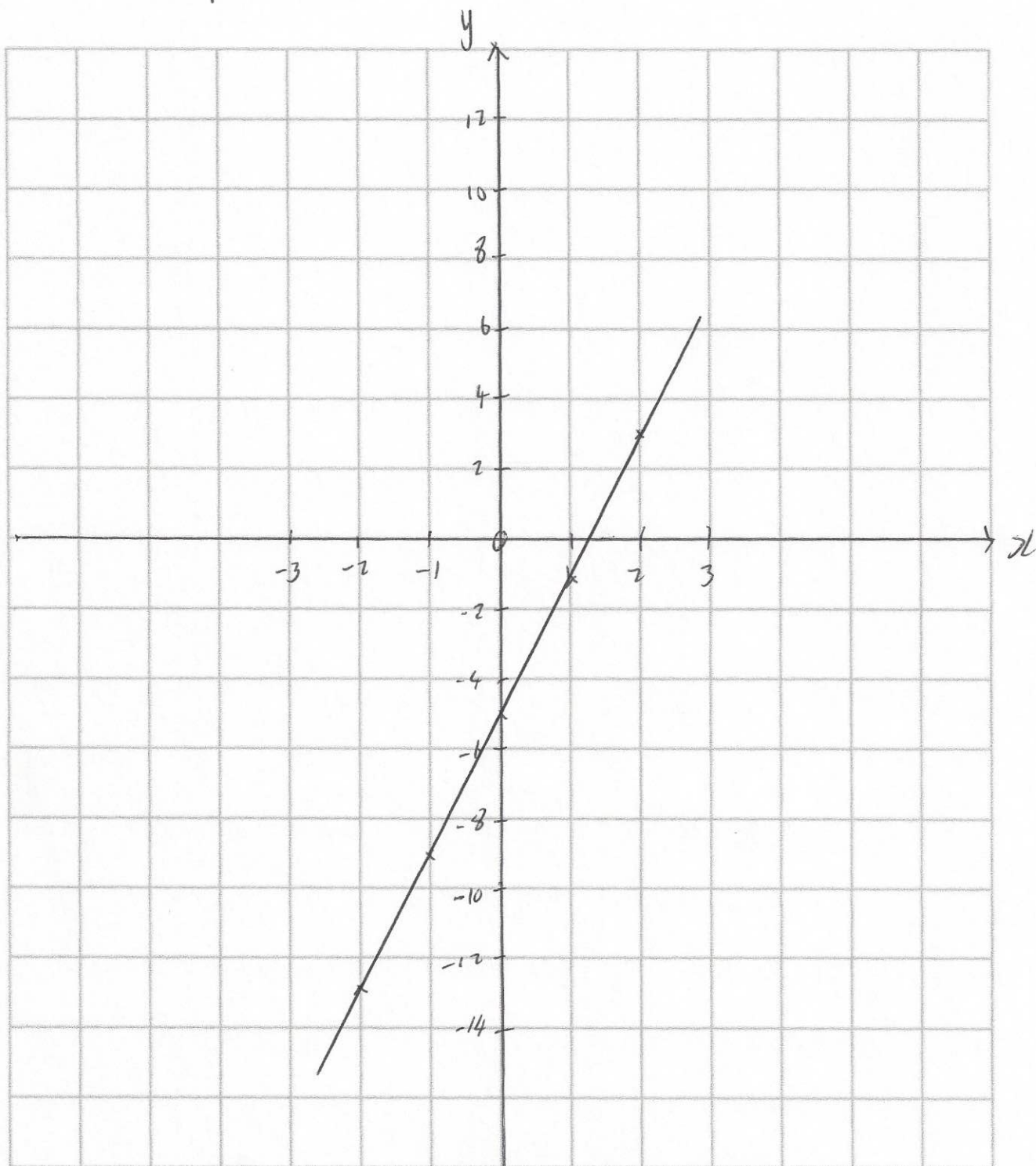
$$w = \frac{5g}{g - 1}$$

$$w = \frac{5g}{g - 1}$$

.....  
(3)

15. On the grid, draw  $y = 4x - 5$  for values of  $x$  from  $-2$  to  $2$ .

$x$	$-2$	$-1$	$0$	$1$	$2$
$y$	$-13$	$-9$	$-5$	$-1$	$3$



(4)

16. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$(1) \quad 4x + 3y = 5$$

$$(2) \quad 2x - 5y = 9 \quad \times 2$$

Do not use trial and improvement

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 3y = 5 \\ \text{sub } 4x - 10y = 18 \\ \hline 13y = -13 \\ y = -1 \end{array}$$

put  $y = -1$  into (1)

$$4x - 3 = 5$$

$$4x = 8$$

$$x = 2$$

$$x = \dots\dots\dots 2 \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots -1 \dots\dots\dots$$

(4)

check in (2)

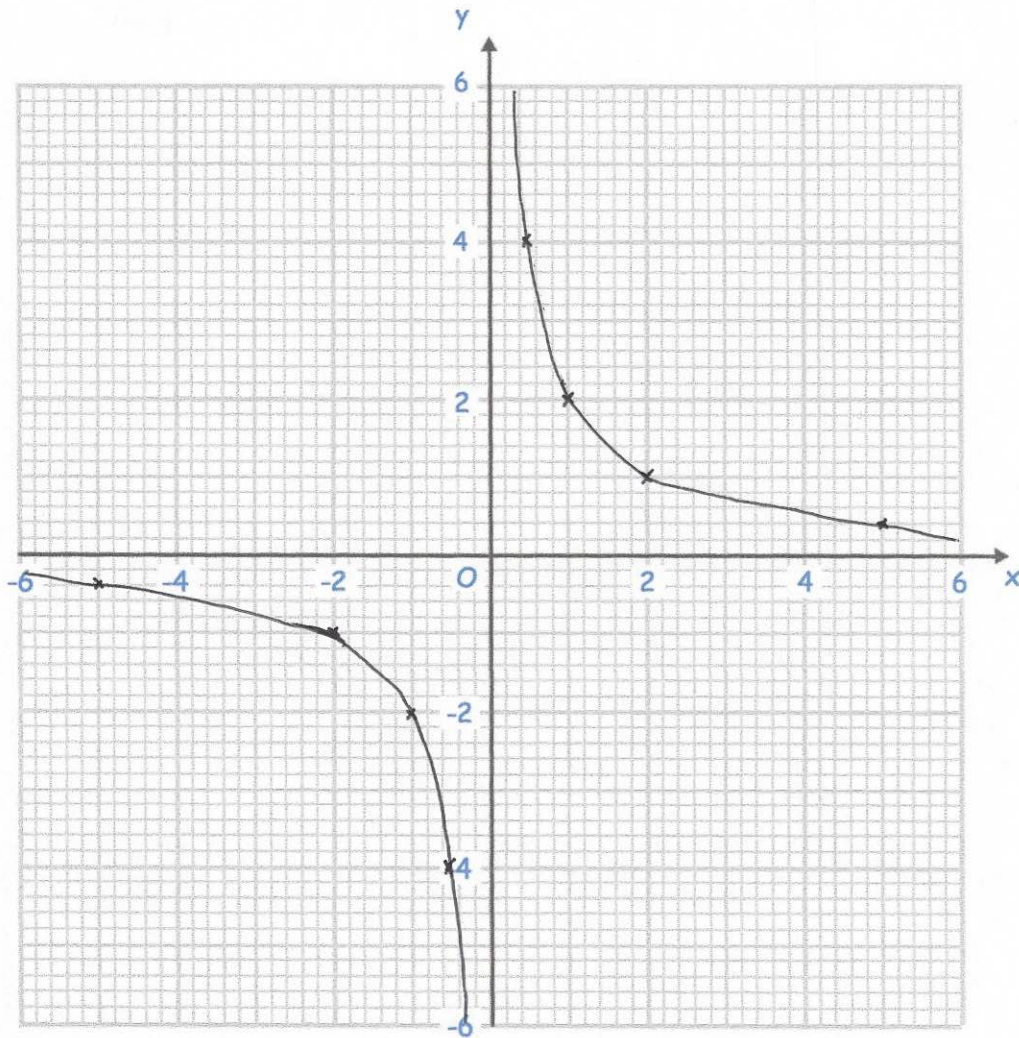
$$4 - 5 = 9 \quad \checkmark$$

17. (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = \frac{2}{x}$

x	-5	-2	-1	-0.5	0.5	1	2	5
y	-0.4	-1	-2	-4	4	2	1	0.4

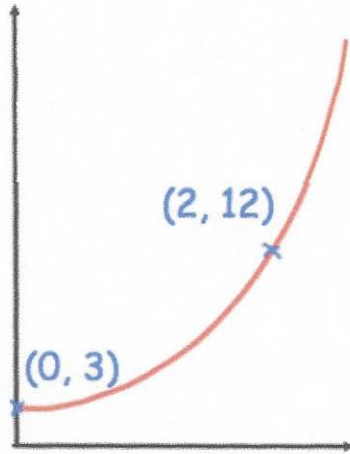
(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = \frac{2}{x}$  for  $-5 \leq x \leq 5$



(2)

18.



The sketch shows a curve with equation  $y = ab^x$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants and  $b > 0$

The curve passes through the points  $(0, 3)$  and  $(2, 12)$

Calculate the value of  $a$  and  $b$

$$x = 0 \quad y = ab^0 \quad b^0 = 1$$

$$y = a$$

$$a = 3$$

$$(2, 12)$$

$$y = 3b^x$$

$$12 = 3 \times b^2$$

$$a = \dots 3 \dots$$

$$4 = b^2$$

$$b = \dots 2 \dots$$

$$b = 2$$

(3)

$$b \neq -2$$

as  $b > 0$  in question.

(and as a graph.)

19. Write  $0.5\bar{12}$  as a fraction.  
Give your answer in its simplest form.

$$\begin{aligned}x &= 0.5121212\dots \\10x &= 5.121212\dots \\1000x &= 512.121212\dots \\990x &= 507\end{aligned}$$

$$x = \frac{507}{990}$$

$$\frac{169}{330}$$

.....  
(3)

20. Show that  $(\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{8})^2 = 98$

$$\begin{aligned}(\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{8})(\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{8}) \\2 + 3\sqrt{16} + 3\sqrt{16} + 72 \quad \leftarrow (a \times b) \\2 + 12 + 12 + 72\end{aligned}$$

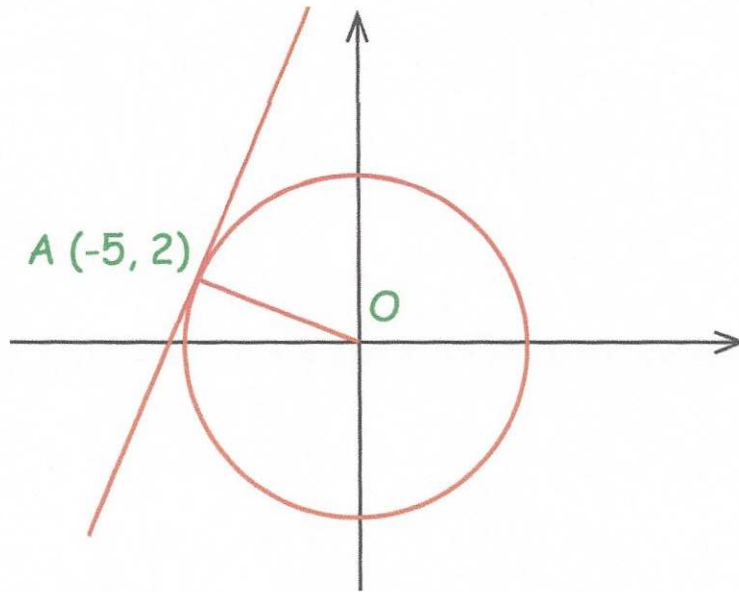
$$98$$

.....  
(3)



21.

The diagram shows the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 40$  with a tangent at the point  $(2, 6)$



(a) Find the gradient of the line AO.

$$\frac{-2}{5}$$

(1)

(b) Find the gradient of the tangent

$$\frac{5}{2}$$

(1)

(c) Find the equation of the tangent

$$y = \frac{5}{2}x + c$$

$$2 = -\frac{25}{2} + c$$

$$c = 14.5 \text{ or } \frac{29}{2}$$

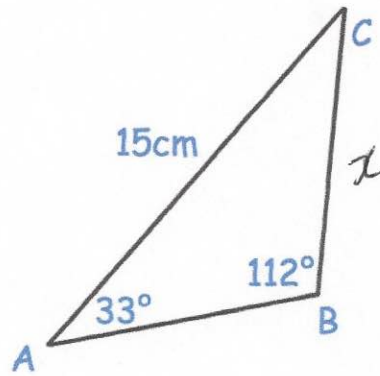
$$y = \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{29}{2}$$

(2)

or

$$y = 2.5x + 14.5$$

22.



In triangle ABC the length of AC is 15cm.  
Angle ABC = 112°  
Angle BAC = 33°

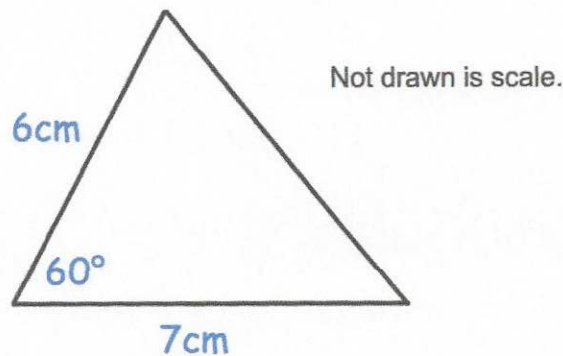
Work out the length of BC.

$$\frac{x}{\sin 33} = \frac{15}{\sin 112}$$

$$\dots\dots\dots 8.81 \text{ cm}$$

(3)

23.



Calculate the area of the triangle.

$$\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 7 \times \sin 60$$

$$\dots\dots\dots 18.19 \text{ cm}^2$$

(2)

24.

A television is placed on a table.

The area of the television in contact with the table is  $750\text{cm}^2$ .  $0.075\text{m}^2$   
The pressure on the table is  $1760\text{ newtons/m}^2$ .

Work out the force exerted by the television on the table.

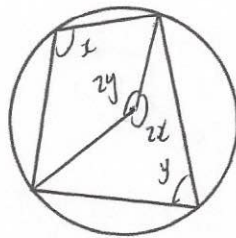
$$F = p \times A$$

$$1760 \times 0.075$$

$$\dots\dots\dots 132 \text{ N}$$

(3)

25.



Prove the opposite angles in a cyclic quadrilateral add to  $180^\circ$

$$2x + 2y = 360 \quad (\text{centre})$$

$\div 2$

$$x + y = 180$$

$\therefore$  opposite angles add to  $180^\circ$